

THEY MAY MEET ON MONDAY

MAHER'S EYES HAVE GREATLY IMPROVED IN CONDITION.

The Prospects Are That He Will Fight Fitzsimmons—Several Persons in Maher's Party Are Suffering From Sore Eyes.

El Paso, Feb. 14.—This evening the pressure, both from townspeople and visitors, became so strong that it was given out officially that if Maher was still unable to fight on Monday or Tuesday the Dixon-Marshall and Everhardt-Leeds fights would be put on for those days, but that the battleground or grounds would not be the same as selected for the principal contests.

At 8 o'clock to-night Albers held a conversation over the telephone with Quinn, Maher's backer, who is now with the pugilist at Las Cruces. Quinn assured him that Maher's eyes were greatly improved and that if the favorable condition continued he would agree to fight Monday. The prospects are that the fight will come off Monday. Passengers from Las Cruces to-night report that several persons in Maher's party suffer from sore eyes. Peter Burns is in worse shape than Maher. Referee Siler stated to-night that Wolcott will weigh in to-morrow and this is believed to be a precautionary measure to save the forfeit money.

Parson Davies, John Sullivan, Paddy Ryan and the remainder of his outfit have decided to leave to-night, instead of on Monday next.

The exclamation is sure and ugly over the postponement and says that he does not believe that another championship fight can be brought off on this side of the Atlantic within a century.

BLINDED BY ELECTRICITY.

Serious Accident to an Engineer in Hackensack.

New York, Feb. 14.—An accident occurred at the power house of the Hackensack, N. J., Gas and Electric company this morning by which Emil Schultz, chief engineer, was temporarily at least, blinded. This much was learned from Dr. David St. John, but details could not be obtained. At the company's office it was said that no particulars had been sent in by anybody connected with the plant. When Superintendent Davidson was questioned he declared that he had not yet inquired into the particulars of the occurrence.

Dr. St. John said the accident was a serious one, but he had not been informed as to how it happened. He understood that Schultz had been in some way affected by a flash of electricity from the machinery, probably from the dynamo, the effect of which was to blind him. The doctor could not say whether the injury was of a permanent nature.

Mr. Schultz is considered an expert electrician. He went to Hackensack from Rutherford, where he had charge of the electric plant.

BIENNIAL ELECTIONS.

They Were the Subject of Discussion at the Reform Club.

Boston, Feb. 14.—There was a well attended meeting of the Massachusetts Reform club at the rooms of the Exchange club this evening when the subject "Biennial Elections" was interestingly discussed by Colonel E. H. Haskell, Hon. E. B. Hayes of Lynn, and Hon. George Fred Williams. Richard H. Dana presided. Hon. George Fred Williams in his address said if we are to contemplate the passage of the proposed biennial election bill we must for the future bid good bye to state questions in Massachusetts, except as the national political organizations may vouchsafe their consideration.

In supporting these resolves we are not only flinging our state politics to the tender mercies of the national parties, but are taking away what little opportunity is now given in off years to call state servants to their accountability, and to soberly deliberate upon the policy of our commonwealth. The national parties will absolutely dominate all minor and local issues in presidential and congressional years.

Will Meet Lavigne.

New York, Feb. 14.—The Mirror of Life of London cables Arthur T. Lumley that Dick Birge has agreed to meet "Kid" Lavigne before the National Sporting club during Derby week for a purse of \$5,000. Articles have been signed by the English champion and are now on their way to America for Lavigne's signature. Sam Fitzpatrick, Lavigne's manager, has accepted. The men are to have a \$2,500 bet outside.

No Englewood Exists.

Washington, Feb. 14.—In regard to the report that a large special shipment of arms for Cuba had left Long Island Monday in the steamer Englewood with 100 survivors of the Hawkins expedition Minister Dupuy de Lome said to-day no such vessel as the "Englewood" exists, according to the evidence of either the British or American register and that none of the Hawkins' survivors had left this country up to to-day and that there has never been the slightest foundation for this report.

Filled the Market.

New York, Feb. 14.—The new bonds sold at 115½ at the stock exchange to-day. The Morgan syndicate, it is understood, have filled the market up, and small capitalists, who have been awarded bonds, are now trying to realize. This has a tendency to weaken prices.

"Lit" Medal Awarded.

The Yale "Lit" medal for 1895 has been awarded to Cornelius L. Kitchell of East Liverpool, O.

THE GUNNING CASE.

The Doctor Was Placed Under Cross Examination.

Brooklyn, Feb. 14.—Rev. Dr. Josiah H. Gunning, whose wife is suing him for separation on the ground of cruelty and inhuman treatment, was cross-examined to-day by Judge Tenney, Mrs. Gunning's lawyer. Dr. Gunning said that he had resigned from a church of which he was pastor at Titusville, Pa., because he quarrelled with his parishioners.

"Why did you leave the church at Boston?"

"I had a good place there," he said. "I got \$5,000 a year. The church paid me \$4,500 and Mr. Ford \$500. I quarrelled with my congregation there, too."

A few minutes later Dr. Gunning contradicted this statement and said:

"I did not quarrel with any members of my church in Boston. I resigned because Mr. Ford told me. He said, 'Doctor, resign. That is the easiest way to get out of it.'"

What the "it" was did not come out.

"Do you ever drink whiskey?" was asked.

Dr. Gunning turned red and hesitated. Then he said: "Yes, I do drink a little occasionally, but," he added after a moment, "only as a medicine."

"Oh, of course," retorted Judge Tenney; "that's the way with all who take it."

"You accused your wife of taking some silverware, didn't you, doctor?"

"Was it the silverware you bought for one Kitty Davis of Riverdale, N. J.?"

This was objected to and ruled out.

"You know Kitty Davis of Riverdale, don't you?"

"Yes, I know her."

"Just how well do you know her. Were you engaged to her?"

Justice Van Wyck ruled out this. These questions were asked in an insinuating tone and made Dr. Gunning very angry.

"You know a Mr. Axworthy, too, a Boston woman, don't you?"

Dr. Gunning said he was a dear friend and a member of the same society. The society, it was developed, was the American Protective League, in Boston. Dr. Gunning was president of it and he said Bishop Harley was also a member. He described this organization as a brotherly insurance order. He stated he fell in love with Mrs. Gunning because she was a fine singer.

"She had a sweet voice and played the piano divinely," he said. "She also taught music to my children."

He said he refused to take his wife out as she said.

"Why," he remarked, "once I took her for a walk around a gas house and she behaved horribly. She kept saying 'you old fool, fool, fool, you don't you go back home.' At length I did."

The witness remembered the incident of the officials of the Brooklyn church compelling Harley to make a written retraction of some disgraceful remarks he had made about a Miss Guernsey, a member. "But he did not beg forgiveness on his knees," said the doctor.

He admitted he left the church in New York under difficulties, but denied that Harley had ever set fire to a barn there.

Heavy Sentence Given.

Boston, Feb. 14.—Judge Richardson, in the supreme court to-day, sentenced to the state prison James Murphy, alias Manning, for a period of not more than twenty years and not less than ten years, and Joseph Williamson for a period of not more than twelve years and not less than six years. They were convicted of robbing Michael J. Doyle of a watch and chain and money on January 17 in the doorway of a house on Stanford street.

New Building for Meriden.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The senate committee on public buildings and grounds to-day ordered a favorable report to be made on the bill appropriating \$100,000 for a public building at Meriden, Conn.

MISS SPIEGEL'S SURPRISE.

A Pleasant Masquerade Party at Sheriff Spiegel's Residence Last Evening—Music and Dancing the Order of the Evening.

A very pleasant masquerade surprise party was given at Sheriff Spiegel's residence at the county jail last evening in honor of the sheriff's daughter, Miss Maude Spiegel. The party was arranged by Clifford and William Staples. It was largely attended by the young friends of Miss Spiegel and the costumes worn were handsome, and some of them, especially those by the boys, being exceedingly grotesque. Dancing was arranged in the county kitchen, the music being furnished by a harp and violin. At 10 o'clock an elegant collation was served, consisting of all the good things usually found on occasions of this sort. Sheriff Spiegel and Turnkey John J. Hart were very much in evidence, and entertained a small party of friends in the sheriff's room.

Among those present were Miss Winifred Saunders, Miss May Judson, Miss Edith Burgess, Misses Mabel and Myrtle Studley, Miss Carrie Bollmann, Miss Kittle Carroll, Miss Jennie Elder, Miss May Sill, Miss Millie Grant, Miss Gusie Krah, Miss Bessie Stevens, Miss Bertha Pratt, Misses Nettie and Helen Walters, Miss Laura Russell, Henry Spiegel, Clifford Mitchell, Harry Meritt, Harry Roberts, Howard Kirkwood, Robert Chamberlain, Charles Waldron. Among the elder persons present were: Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Halsey, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hart, Miss Mildred Mitchell, Miss Emma Hart, G. V. Moore, Miss Lucy Lee, Miss May Gilbert, Miss Lucy Lee, William Rowan, Robert F. Mitchell, Alfred Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Graves, Miss Starweather, Mr. Walters, Mr. Krah, Mrs. Bollmann.

Among the features of the evening was a sailor's hornpipe by Miss Mabel Studley and a fan dance by Miss Myrtle Studley, duets by Miss Hart and Miss Mitchell and solos by each of those young ladies.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

IMPORTANT BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS AT LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

Reports of Committees—Superintendent's Report—New Haven School System to be Studied at Leeland Stanford University—Mr. Matthews' Request.

A regular meeting of the board of education was held in the board rooms on Center street last evening, with Messrs. Asher, Moran, Hooker, Manson, Morgan, O'Connor and Farnsworth present. Nothing but routine business was transacted. The committee on schools reported the resignation of Miss Emily Coxeter from the position of teacher in room 5 of the Welch school, the resignation to take effect February 28, 1896. The resignation was accepted. The committee recommended under the direction of the superintendent that not less than thirty minutes and not more than thirty minutes per week be devoted to work in mental arithmetic in the four upper grades of the grammar schools of the city, this time to be a part of the time now given to written arithmetic; that as text books Bailey's Mental Arithmetic, Brodway's Light Arithmetic and Wentworth's Mental Arithmetic be used by teachers only and not to be purchased for pupils. About 140 books will be required at a cost of \$40. The recommendation was approved and adopted.

It was voted that Miss Cain, a teacher in the West street school, be allowed \$10 for keeping attendance during the absence of the assistant principal, Miss Hull, from February, 1895, to February, 1896, and to allow Principal Abbott salary for two days spent in attending a funeral.

The committee on special instruction recommended the appointment of John H. Bailey as a teacher in the Temple street Russian evening school at a salary of \$150 per evening, and that Whitney's German Reader and Newcomb's Plain and Spherical Trigonometry be adopted for use in the Boardman school. The former recommendation was adopted and the latter laid on the table.

The building committee recommended that a new water closet be built at the Greenwich street school during the next summer and that it be connected with the sewer, the whole to cost not more than \$2,000. The recommendation was adopted. Superintendent Kendall submitted a lengthy report for the month of February, which showed that there is at present a total registration in the city schools of 14,659 pupils, a slight gain over the same time last year. The whole number of boys registered is 7,139, of girls 6,520, being 339 more boys than girls. The representation of nationalities in the night schools is as follows: Americans 241, French 17, Scandinavians 71, Germans 81, Russians 130, Italians 147, Armenians 3, Poles 40. Mr. Kendall stated the necessity of having a course of study for the various city schools and said that Leeland Stanford university had selected New Haven as one of the fifteen cities in which the school system was to be studied. The superintendent stated that brief exercises would be held in the various schools next Friday in commemoration of Washington's birthday.

The board voted that the committee on supplies be authorized to expend \$20 in purchasing books to form a nucleus of a teachers' library, the books to be kept in the board of education rooms. On motion of Mr. Moran it was voted that Mr. Kendall be requested to prepare a full and complete course of study such as he thinks suitable for the various city schools and to report to the board at a convenient time. Mr. Kendall stated that he would not attend the National Convention of School Superintendents to be held in Jacksonville, Fla., soon, but instead would spend about ten days in visiting schools in eastern cities. The board voted a leave of absence to him for such a visit.

Other business having been disposed of, A. McC. Mathewson appeared before the board and asked that the board recommend an appropriation for the elimination of the Northampton tracks and the purchase of the land adjoining Hillhouse high school now occupied by the tracks. Mr. Mathewson explained the advantage to the school and the residents of the city should the tracks be removed and said that the removal was possible and probable, as he had learned from Vice President Hall. He thought the property adjoining the school lot could be secured for \$25,000. The board referred the matter to the finance committee and then adjourned.

PROTECTION IS ASKED.

It Is Deemed for the Best Interests of All Depositors.

Claremont, N. H., Feb. 14.—Following the notice last night by the state bank commissioners upon the Sullivan Savings Institution enjoining it from further transacting business the official notice was given out to-day:

To the Depositors of the Sullivan Savings Institution:

By reason of the heavy withdrawals of deposits during the year 1895 and thus far in the current year, and in consideration of the continuous receipt of notices for future withdrawals, your trustees have felt it for the best interests of all concerned to ask the protection of the court. In accordance with this request and the approval of the bank commissioners an injunction has been granted by Judge Wallace of the supreme court, dated February 13, 1896, restraining your officers from receiving or paying deposits. The trustees deeply regret that the action of the depositors has rendered this necessary and trust that confidence may soon be restored, thereby making the injunction of short duration.

The trustees firmly believe in the solvency of the institution and that the assets are more than ample after meeting any probable depreciation to cover all liabilities in full.

YALE NOTES OF INTEREST.

Mechanics' Lecture Last Evening—Civil Service Reform Lecture by Herbert Welsh—A. W. Cowles Coaching the Crew—Other Items.

The third lecture in the Mechanics' course in the Sheffield Scientific school was delivered last evening in North Sheffield hall at 8 o'clock by Mr. Thomas A. Fox on "Municipal Art."

Mr. Fox is a graduate of Harvard university and has devoted himself since graduation to the study of architecture, which profession he is at present practicing in Boston. Several years of his study were spent abroad, where he gave particular attention to Greek architecture, and during two years he took part in the excavations carried on in Greece under the auspices of the American School at Athens. The lecture last evening gave a comparison between the styles of architecture in the public buildings of the American and European cities, and was illustrated by stereopticon views.

Mr. Herbert Welsh of Philadelphia will lecture on "Civil Service Reform and the National Welfare" next Monday evening.

It has been decided to reserve all seats for members of the club until five minutes before eight, when the doors of A1 Osborn hall will be opened to the university at large.

The following are the men from the senior class of the law school who will write articles for the Shingle, together with their subjects: Deductory poem, E. Knebel; "Junior Year," J. H. Morgan; "Senior Year," W. E. Dwight; "The Law Journal," F. C. Taylor; "M. C. C.," H. H. Kellogg; "The Kent Club," E. H. McVey. "The Religious, Political, Social and Athletic Side of the Law School," will be written up by A. T. Bierkan, C. B. Waller, R. Macdonald and E. A. McClintock.

The following are the results of the chess club tournament in addition to those already published:

Preliminary round—Cobb '97 defeated Bill '98.

First round—Armstrong '96 defeated Ripley '97; Chickering '96 defeated Benjamin '98 '8; W. Cooke '97 defeated Chase '98 '8; Blumenthal '98 defeated Perkins '98; Colcord '98 defeated Teasdale '97.

The university crew candidates are now being coached by A. W. Cowles, of Chicago, one of Yale's well known row men and coaches. Mr. Cowles arrived yesterday morning and watched the work of the crew in the afternoon.

The Yale union met last evening at 7 o'clock in Union hall. The question debated was: Resolved, "That the free coinage of silver would be for the best interests of the country." The affirmative was sustained by W. S. Miller '96 and W. N. Yale '98; the negative by C. C. Birley '96 and G. M. Ripley '98.

The regular meeting of the Berkeley association was held in the '97 room, Dwight hall, last evening at 6:45, and was addressed by the Rev. Mr. Scoville of Trinity church, this city.

The following card has been sent out to the members of the class of ninety-five:

There will be a meeting of Yale ninety-five Saturday, February 22, from 9 p. m. to 3 a. m., at Brown's chop house, on Twenty-seventh street, between Broadway and Sixth avenue, New York city.

HARTFORD YALE MEN.

Hartford, Feb. 14.—Over 120 men were present at the annual dinner of the Hartford Yale Alumni association at the Allyn house to-night. The banquet began at 6:30 and many Yale men were present from all parts of the state. The banquet was a most successful one, and the occasion for the occasion in blue, and the menu was well chosen. President John L. Holcomb, Yale '63, presided. Among the guests were President Timothy Dwight, Yale '49; Governor O. V. Coffin, Hon. C. Robinson, Yale '53; Dr. George L. Walker, Charles Hopkins Clark, Charles W. Burpee of the Courant and others. A double quartet from the Yale crew was also present, and the occasion was the more festive for the entertainment of the Alumni association. All the guests above named responded to toasts.

ARMSTRONG PAID THE MONEY.

Now It Is Said That His Heirs Think He Did Not Owe It.

Morris Steiner, the senior member of the M. Steiner Sons' company, was seen last evening in reference to the report that his firm was to be a party to a suit brought by the heirs of the late Captain Armstrong, who was formerly bookkeeper for the firm in Providence. R. I. Mr. Steiner said that Mr. Armstrong came to them highly recommended by the Rogers Williams Fund and Loan association and they employed him. It was found later that Mr. Armstrong's accounts were not satisfactory and he was given a chance to make good the amount of his pecuniary and did so. Mr. Steiner said that further than this there was nothing to be said on the subject.

Margery Brown Aground.

The four-masted schooner Margery Brown, Captain Osborn, Newport News, stuck aground in the harbor yesterday. She is loaded with coal to the Consolidated road and drew more water than the bay afforded at the time of her arrival. The tug Rambler failed to move the schooner and the Williams went to her assistance. It was found by the harbor captains that it would be useless to attempt to get the vessel out of the mud until to-morrow tide. It was thought last evening that the vessel would be brought to the dock about midnight.

Acetylene Gas.

Boston, Feb. 14.—A petition was introduced into the Massachusetts legislature to-day praying that the manufacture and sale of acetylene gas be prohibited on the ground that it is dangerous to life and property. It is also asked that the storing of the chemicals from which it is manufactured be forbidden. A committee of the legislature is suggested to investigate and report on the matter.

NOT IN CONFERENCE STAGE

MR. DINGLEY'S VIEWS ON THE FREE COINAGE SUBSTITUTE.

Vote of the House on the Free Coinage Substitute—A Motion to Conference Would Have to Originate in the Senate—Another International Convention Is Proposed.

Washington, Feb. 14.—"Commencement Day" of the debate on the silver bill in the house attracted no more spectators in the gallery than any day of the past two weeks, during which it has been the pending business.

As soon as the journal had been read the last stage of the debate upon the financial question, as involved in the senate free coinage substitute for the house bond-revenue bill, was entered upon.

Mr. Crisp, dem., of Georgia, the democratic leader, began the closing speech in favor of the free coinage of silver. By unanimous consent he was given as much time as he desired in which to complete his remarks.

"It is not the coinage of every ounce of silver which gives it its value," said Mr. Crisp, "but the right of every ounce of silver in the world to be coined." (Applause.) Were that right restored, he claimed, the old party of the two metals would speedily be restored. Mr. Crisp argued that the United States, singly and alone, could undertake with the expectation of maintaining it successfully the free coinage of silver.

Mr. Turner, dem., of Georgia, Mr. Crisp's colleague on the committee, opposed the substitute. He made an elaborate argument to show that the United States could not maintain silver coinage and that an attempt to do so would cause a financial convulsion in the country.

Mr. Dingley, rep., of Pennsylvania, also a member of the ways and means committee, made the closing speech of the day. He asserted that the main proposition involved in this discussion had not been considered. That was whether this house was ready to abandon its own legislation and accept the legislation of the senate, which is in no way germane thereto.

The yeas and nays were called on the question of concurrence, resulting yeas 90, nays 215.

Mr. Dingley of the house committee on ways and means, analyzing the vote on the free coinage substitute, said the house in non-concurring had sent the bill back to the senate, but had not asked for a conference, and that the bill has not yet reached the conference stage. A motion to this effect would have to originate in the senate.

Mr. Dingley added that the house will agree to a conference if requested, but there seemed no probability thereof, as the two houses were widely apart on the question.

Mr. Dingley believed that before this congress adjourned a resolution will be adopted inviting the countries of Europe to send delegates to another international conference looking to an agreement for a larger use of silver.

MISS INGERSOLL'S POP.

The Valentine Concert at the Hyperion Last Evening.

Miss Justine Ingersoll's charities have been extended in many directions and been known in many ways, but she never conceived a more commendable idea than that of providing the people with good music at reasonable prices. Her "pops" several seasons ago were a delightful and successful institution, and their revival this winter was hailed with joy. The choice of Valentine's day was a happy thought, and people appreciated it and celebrated by turning out in large numbers.

The stage was prettily set and the decorations were all in honor of the day. Pairs of hearts were hung over the doors and two enormous red hearts, thrust through with golden darts, stood on easels at either side of the stage. The program was, with the exception of Miss Ingersoll's selections, entirely by the Mozart Symphony club of New York and their soloist, Miss Louise Guemar, a contralto formerly of this city. All the numbers were well received.

Madame La Roche's solos on the chromatic harp and Mr. Theodore Hoch's cornet solos seemed especially to please the audience and they were enthusiastically encored. Miss Guemar is pleasantly remembered and was greeted with a round of applause on her entrance. She has a beautiful contralto voice of fine, low range. She responded with an encore after each number and received several handsome bouquets.

When Miss Ingersoll came forward to recite "The Lorelei" the audience showed her what a warm place she holds in their hearts. She gave "The Lorelei" in English, with an accompaniment of muted strings, and the "Last Rose of Summer" in the same way as an encore. Several huge bunches of roses and lilies were passed over the footlights to her. She deserves the greatest credit for this Valentine treat.

Will Return to Work.

Fall River, Mass., Feb. 14.—The weavers who left Harrington mills to-day on account of a system of grading wages appointed a committee to wait on the mill men, who agreed to postpone the posting of the scale. The help will return to work in the morning.

Won by Pettit.

Boston, Feb. 14.—Tom Pettit of the Boston Athletic association and George Standing of the New York Racquet and Tennis club played a matched game of racquet in the Boston Athletic association court this afternoon before a crowded gallery. Standing was conceded the big odds of an extra hand more than he could overcome, and Pettit won by three straight sets, 15-11, 15-11 and 17-15. Pettit played the best game he has ever shown in the Boston Athletic association.

WILLIAM LATHROP KINGSLEY.

A man of letters, a citizen of worth, a true-hearted Christian, who showed his faith by his works, has "crossed the bar."

Mr. William L. Kingsley died at his residence in this city on Friday afternoon. Here he was born and here nearly his whole life was spent. His father, Professor James L. Kingsley, was long a pillar of the college, and did his part in making it an institution whose name and fame spread throughout the land. His youngest son, William, was born on April 1, 1824, and was graduated at Yale in the class of 1843. He grew up among those by whom learning was prize, and in whom strict Puritan principles were associated with culture, and in whom strict Puritan principles were associated with culture, and leavened by an enlightened spirit of charity. He studied theology in the Yale seminary, and through life held in honor Dr. Taylor, whose doctrinal teachings he always cherished.

Early after entering the ministry his health was seriously impaired. Three times he went abroad for the recovery of it, with only incomplete success. These periods of sojourn in Europe were well spent in travel and, as far as his strength permitted, in study. Returning to his native city, he became, in 1857, the editor and proprietor of the New Englander, and continued in this vocation until 1882, when the periodical was merged in "The Yale Review."

During all this interval, the burden of editorial labor rested chiefly upon him. He was untiring in his efforts to give to the New Englander a high character from every point of view, and in the management of it, esteemed pecuniary gain of no account in comparison with the promotion of the public welfare. The cause of learning and religion he ever made the uppermost interest.

Mr. Kingsley, until his health broke down, was physically one of the most active of men. None of his contemporaries and associates had so elastic a step. Matched with this physical vitality was a mental vivacity that was never chilled. Keen in his perceptions, rapid in all his mental operations, with a remarkable memory that held tenaciously to the minutest details, familiar with the best English literature, of which he was a constant reader, with a large store of historical knowledge, he was well equipped for the critical office upon literary production.

His literary production, his own writings are mostly essays and reviews of books which have appeared in the New Englander.

Mr. Kingsley was always a gentleman. He was refined and courteous in his manners, at the same time that he was courageous, fearless and outspoken. He was extremely generous in the use of his means. He was loyal in friendship. He was public-spirited, did a great deal of work in connection with local charities, and, during the civil war, showed himself an ardent patriot. It can be said without exaggeration that no son of Yale university in his time was more devotedly and unselfishly attached to his Alma Mater, or more ready to labor and make sacrifices in promoting its prosperity. His most powerful work is a history of the university.

In his religious character, Mr. Kingsley was an Israelite without guile. He was, from conviction, as well as through heredity, warmly attached to the traditional faith of New England. His inability to labor and make sacrifices in his private life was a pastoral duty that prevented him from the performance of ministerial functions in humble ways. He founded, and for many years had charge of the Taylor church and Sunday school in the suburbs of New Haven.

By the numerous personal friends of Mr. Kingsley, who saw him in his home, accompanied him in his travels, and were witnesses of his unflinching cheerfulness, and of his hopeful spirit, even in days of bodily infirmity, the announcement of his departure from us will be heard with pathetic interest.

Given the Wrong Change.

Mrs. Jennie Gubusky of 16 Dow street complained to the police yesterday afternoon that she had given by mistake a \$5 gold piece to Harris Furnum, who was selling tickets for a concert to be held in Germania hall last evening, and that he would not return to her the difference in the amount and the price of the ticket. The price of the ticket was twenty-five cents. Detective McGrath was put on the case and arrested Furnum, who said that his employer, Mr. Berne, had given him the \$5 gold piece to get changed, which he did at the saloon of Mr. Price at 55 Oak street.

Mr. Berne was found, but did not know anything about Furnum, who will answer this morning in the city court to the charge.

Bowling Last Evening.

The Samosets forfeited their game to the Eclipse last evening by non-appearance, and a picked team played four of their men with the following results:

ECLIPSE.

E. Kirschner 190 144 181 11 5 6 515
S. Schwartz 125 121 160 9 10 7 456
Edwards 144 153 164 7 10 5 461
A. Kirschner 174 157 166 10 11 6 497

PICKED TEAM.

Wakefield 133 189 152 19 11 5 529
Peck 159 175 112 6 13 6 447
Fox 154 119 11 15 9 382
Darton 179 157 140 7 10 5 475

GENERAL RUSSELL'S SCHOOL.

Alumni Association to be Formed.

There is to be a meeting of the resident graduates of General Russell's military school at J. N. Chamberlain's store on Chapel street next Wednesday night. All those who were at any time members of the school are invited to attend. The meeting will be held for the purpose of talking over the matter of forming an alumni association.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE

PROSPECTS ARE GIVEN OUT BY BRADSTREET'S AGENCY.

General Business Does Not Meet Anticipations—Features of the General Situation Are Explained—Sales Are Slow and Collections Somewhat Discouraging.

New York, Feb. 14.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

The general business throughout does not meet anticipations and except in a few cities—Baltimore and Pittsburg in the east, Chicago, St. Louis and Omaha at the west, Galveston, Chattanooga and Atlanta at the south, remains dull for the season, in most instances disappointing. Improvement in demand and prices is confined to hides, leather and boots and shoes, which are conspicuous in the short list of staples, for which prices are higher.

Features of the situation are those resulting from unfavorable weather in the east, but reaction in the prices of iron and steel, further complaints by woolen manufacturers, an outlook for more idle machinery, maintenance of higher rates for loans notwithstanding the favorable inferences drawn from the heavy over-subscription to the government bond issue and restricted production of pig iron.

January gross railway earnings are very encouraging, showing a larger percentage of gain than in any previous month but one for three years. Total January earnings of 128 companies with \$2,818 miles of road, aggregate \$37,256,110, a gain of 11.3 per cent. over January a year ago, which in turn showed a decrease of five-tenths of one per cent. from January, 1894. Among the favorable features are gains in the southwest where improvement had been improved, large increases by the granger and Pacific roads and more numerous large increases and fewer decreases reported than for months past.

Makers of cotton goods insist prices must advance or the cost of the raw material decline in the fact of which jobbers are cutting prices of cotton goods. Wholesale dealers in paints and glass anticipate heavy building operations in the spring, and report large orders placed in anticipation thereof. Lower prices are recorded for pork, lard, corn, wheat, flour, and live stock, in addition to cotton, steel billets and Bessemer pig iron, indicating a partial reversal of the general tendency of prices of leading staples to advance exhibited in last weeks. No change in quotations for coal, lumber, petroleum and print cloths is reported, while in addition to the advances for leather and for